



## Study Guide: Exodus – Chapter 36

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This study guide provides an educational overview of Exodus Chapter 36 using a verse-by-verse structure, theological context, and application-oriented insights grounded in Scripture.

### **Introduction**

Exodus Chapter 36 presents the detailed account of the construction of the Tabernacle, focusing on the skilled craftsmanship and the generous contributions of the Israelites. This chapter contributes to the broader narrative of God's covenant relationship with Israel by demonstrating obedience and reverence through meticulous work on the sanctuary. Readers should watch for the interplay between divine instruction, human response, and the abundant provision that enables the fulfillment of God's commands.

### **Context**

The immediate literary context of Exodus 36 follows the divine instructions given to Moses on Mount Sinai regarding the Tabernacle's construction. The previous chapters (Exodus 25–31) contain detailed specifications for the Tabernacle and its furnishings, while chapter 35 recounts the people's enthusiastic offering of materials and the appointment of Bezalel and Oholiab as chief artisans. The covenantal framework is rooted in God's promise to dwell among His people, making the Tabernacle a tangible sign of His presence. The key figures include Moses as the mediator, Bezalel and Oholiab as craftsmen, and the Israelite community as contributors and laborers, all set in the wilderness encampment after the Exodus from Egypt.

### **Outline**

The chapter can be divided into three main movements. First, the initiation of the work begins with the skilled artisans following Moses' instructions precisely. Second, the narrative highlights the overwhelming generosity of the people, whose contributions exceed the needs for the project. Finally, the chapter concludes with the cessation of material offerings once the required amount was gathered, emphasizing the sufficiency and completeness of the community's response to God's call.



## **Verse-by-Verse Study**

Verses 1-3: The chapter opens by affirming that Bezalel, Oholiab, and the other skilled craftsmen began the work exactly as Moses had commanded. This underscores the importance of obedience and precision in carrying out God's instructions for the Tabernacle, reflecting reverence for the divine design.

Verses 4-7: The narrative shifts to the people's contributions, describing how they continued to bring offerings of materials such as gold, silver, bronze, blue, purple, and scarlet yarn, fine linen, and animal skins. The abundance of these gifts highlights the generosity inspired by the Spirit of God working in the community.

Verses 8-19: The craftsmen proceed to construct the Tabernacle's framework, including the boards, bars, and sockets, following the detailed specifications. The passage emphasizes the quality and craftsmanship involved, demonstrating the integration of divine guidance and human skill.

Verses 20-30: This section focuses on the making of the veil and the coverings for the Tabernacle, using the precious materials contributed by the people. The veil serves as a symbolic partition between the Holy Place and the Most Holy Place, underscoring the sacredness of God's presence.

Verses 31-38: The chapter concludes with the completion of the Tabernacle's outer coverings and the cessation of material offerings. The leaders declare that no more contributions are needed, as the community has provided abundantly. This marks a moment of fulfillment and readiness for the Tabernacle to serve its purpose as God's dwelling among His people.

## **Key Themes**

One key theme is the Spirit-empowered craftsmanship, where God equips individuals with skill and wisdom to fulfill His purposes. Another theme is the joyful generosity of the community, demonstrating a collective commitment to God's covenant. The chapter also highlights the importance of obedience to divine instruction, as the artisans meticulously follow the pattern given by God. Finally, the theme of sufficiency emerges as the offerings meet and exceed the needs, illustrating God's provision through His people.

## **Cross-References**



Exodus 31:1-11 clarifies the divine appointment of Bezalel and Oholiab and the Spirit's empowerment for their work, providing background for their role in chapter 36. Exodus 25:8-9 explains the purpose of the Tabernacle as God's dwelling place and the importance of following the divine pattern. 1 Chronicles 28:11-19 recounts Solomon's preparations for the Temple, which echoes the Tabernacle's design and emphasizes the continuity of God's presence among His people. Hebrews 9:1-5 reflects on the significance of the Tabernacle's structure and the veil, deepening understanding of its symbolic meaning in the New Testament context.

## **Application**

Modern disciples can learn from Exodus 36 the value of using God-given gifts and talents in service to His purposes, recognizing that skill and creativity are expressions of the Spirit's work. The chapter encourages believers to contribute generously to the community of faith, trusting that God will provide abundantly. It also calls for careful attention to God's instructions and reverence in spiritual work, reminding us that obedience and faithfulness are essential. Finally, the sufficiency of the offerings challenges believers to trust God's provision and to avoid excess or waste in ministry efforts.

## **Summary**

Exodus 36 narrates the faithful and skilled execution of God's instructions for the Tabernacle by Bezalel, Oholiab, and the Israelite community. The chapter highlights the Spirit's empowerment, the people's generous contributions, and the precise craftsmanship that together fulfill the divine plan. This account underscores themes of obedience, provision, and communal participation in God's covenant, setting the stage for the Tabernacle to become the visible sign of God's presence among His people.